

## **Financial Aid Office**

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## 2021-2022 Federal Verification Policy

The law that governs the administration of the federal student aid programs is the <u>Higher Education Act of 1965 (HEA)</u>. Some aspects of the HEA are clear and concise and do not require more detailed guidance. However, other provisions merely express congressional intent and require additional interpretation, clarification, or guidance. Such guidance is provided in the form of federal regulations. The regulations in <u>Subpart E of 34 CFR 668.51-61</u> of the Code of Federal Regulations govern the verification process and its requirements.

The purpose of verification is to ensure accuracy when determining financial aid eligibility. Each year, the Secretary of Education publishes in the Federal Register a notice announcing the FAFSA information that an institution and an applicant may be required to verify and specifies what documentation is acceptable for verifying FAFSA information.

The Financial Aid Office of the Graduate Theological Union verifies all applicants selected by the U.S. Department of Education's Central Processing System (CPS). Additionally, the Financial Aid Office has the authority to select any student not selected by CPS for institutional verification. It is the institution's responsibility to require applicants to submit supporting documentation to verify specified data elements of their FAFSA. It is the student's responsibility to provide the specified documents and information as requested within the established timeframe.

In accordance with the regulations, the institution must have written policies about what documentation is required, the time period in which students must submit documentation, the consequences for failing to submit those documents on time, the method used to notify students if their Expected Family Contribution (EFC) and aid eligibility changes, the procedures to correct FAFSA data, and the process of referring students to the Office of Inspector General (OIG). The OIG conducts independent and objective audits, investigations, and other activities to promote the efficiency, effectiveness, and integrity of the U.S. Department of Education's programs and operations. It is their mission to prevent and detect fraud and abuse.

CPS randomly selects applicants for verification and sets a flag on the student's processed FAFSA, otherwise known as the Student Aid Report (SAR), to indicate that the student's record has been selected. Students should be aware that an update or correction to their FAFSA may trigger CPS to select the application or additional data elements for verification.

There are some situations in which the GTU Financial Aid Office may select a student's FAFSA for verification. These situations include conflicting information reported on the FAFSA and students who have submitted a budget or financial circumstance appeal. If you are selected for verification, please do not assume you are being accused of doing anything wrong. Verification is simply the process used to confirm that the data reported on your FAFSA is accurate. This is a process for receiving documentation that supports the information you reported. A student whose FAFSA is selected for verification will be notified as follows:

- a) If selected by CPS, an asterisk (\*) adjacent to the Expected Family Contribution (EFC) on a student's SAR designates that they have been randomly selected; or,
- b) If selected by the Financial Aid Office, the student will be notified by email to their school address.

Email notifications sent to students whose FAFSA information is selected for verification will include the:

- a) documentation required for verification; and,
- b) deadline by which to submit required documentation.

Mistakes made on the FAFSA must be corrected if the correction results in a change that impacts any aspect of the student's financial aid eligibility. Published guidance indicates that the financial aid administrator must resolve conflicting information before disbursing aid or making a professional judgment adjustment regardless of whether the student is selected for verification. If the information on a piece of documentation, such as an IRS Tax Transcript and/or the GTU Financial Aid Application, is not consistent with the

information on the FAFSA, it represents conflicting information. To resolve discrepancies in reported information, students may be required to submit additional forms and/or documentation. The student's EFC will be recalculated and if the results affect eligibility the student or the Financial Aid Office may be required to submit corrections to the CPS. This may result in a recalculation of a student's overall award. Generally, a student cannot update FAFSA information that was correct as of the date it was signed and processed because it is considered a "snapshot" of the family's situation as of that date. After the FAFSA has been processed, household size, number in college, and marital status can be updated only under the conditions listed below.

- Verification of Household Size or Number in College: Updates are required for discrepancies in household size or number in college. Unborn children may be included if they will be born during the 2021-2022 academic year. Additionally in accordance with Title IV federal student aid regulations, under the age of 24 are considered dependent. (e.g. a dependent child who would be required to provide your information when completing their FAFSA for 2021-2022 may be included in household size.)
- Marital Status: The institution may require that the student change their marital status on the FAFSA only if it
  determines that the update is necessary to address an inequity or to more accurately reflect the student's ability
  to pay. Applicants who were not married in the 2019 calendar year but are married as of the day the FAFSA was
  completed, must report their marital status as "married" and tax filing status as "Married, filing separately". In
  addition, the spouse's income must be reported on the FAFSA.

The Federal Register lists individual items that an applicant must substantiate based on the Verification Tracking Group to which the applicant is assigned. If you have been CPS-selected for verification, your Tracking Status will be listed on your SAR.

Verification Tracking Flag	Verification Tracking Group Name	FAFSA Information Required to be Verified
V1	Standard Verification Group	Tax Filers
		Adjusted Gross Income (AGI)
		U.S. Income Tax Paid
		Untaxed Portions of Individual Retirement Account (IRA) Distributions
		Untaxed Portions of Pensions  Untaxed Portions of Pensions
		IRA Deductions and Payments
		Tax Exempt Interest Income Education Tax Credits
		Education 1ax Credits
		Non Tax Filers
		Income Earned from Work
		Tax Filers and Non Tax Filers
		Number of Household Members
		Number in College
V4	Custom Verification Group	High School Completion Status
		Identity Statement of Educational Purpose
V5	Aggregate Verification Group	Tax Filers
		Adjusted Gross Income (AGI)
		U.S. Income Tax Paid
		Untaxed Portions of Individual Retirement Account (IRA) Distributions
		Untaxed Portions of Pensions
		IRA Deductions and Payments
		Tax Exempt Interest Income
		Education Tax Credits
		Non Tax Filers
		Income Earned from Work
		Tax Filers and Non Tax Filers
		Number of Household Members
		Number in College
		High School Completion Status
		Identity/Statement of Educational Purpose

The documentation required for verification varies in accordance with the specific FAFSA information being verified. A student selected for verification must submit the following acceptable documentation to the Financial Aid Office to complete the process. Additional documentation may be deemed necessary on a case-by-case basis once the review begins. The best action a student can take to facilitate this process is to use the IRS Data Retrieval Tool (DRT) to automatically populate tax information directly from the IRS into their FAFSA. Students who make changes after importing their data will be required to submit an IRS Tax Transcript. If a student is unable to submit any of the required documents, they should contact the Financial Aid Office to discuss possible alternative acceptable documentation.

FAFSA Information	Acceptable Documentation		
Information for Tax Filers	For income information listed under items a through g for tax filers -		
a. Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) b. U.S. Income Tax Paid c. Untaxed Portions of IRA Distributions d. Untaxed Portions of Pensions e. IRA Deductions and Payments f. Tax Exempt Interest Income g. Education Credits	Verification Worksheet, 2019 W2's for all sources of employment, 2019 tax transcript or IRS DRT, and, if applicable, a transcript that was obtained from the relevant taxing authority of the US territory (Guam, American Samoa, the US Virgin Islands) or commonwealth (Puerto Rico and the Northern Mariana Islands), or a foreign central government that lists tax account information of the tax filer		
	Verification Worksheet and W2's for all sources of employment		
h. Other Untaxed Income  Information for tax filers with special circumstances	For students who filed a joint tax return but at the time the FAFSA was completed was separated, divorced, widowed, or married to someone other than the individual included on the joint tax return -		
a. Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) b. U.S. Income Tax Paid c. Untaxed Portions of IRA Distributions d. Untaxed Portions of Pensions e. IRA Deductions and Payments f. Tax Exempt Interest Income g. Education Credits	Verification Worksheet, 2019 IRS W2's for all sources of employment, and a copy of the 2019 IRS Tax Transcript		
For students who have been granted a filing extension from the IRS-  For students who have filed an amended tax return	Verification Worksheet, 2019 W2's for all sources of employment, and a copy of the IRS's Form 2350, approval of an extension beyond the automatic six-month extension, if applicable  Verification of Non-filing Letter (VNF) from the IRS dated on or after October 1, 2020  If self-employed, verification worksheet certifying the amount of the AGI and U.S. income tax paid for tax year 2019  Verification Worksheet and a signed copy of the 1040x and a copy of the 2019 IRS Records of Account Transcript(s).		
For married students who filed a separate tax return from their spouse	Verification Worksheet and the 2019 IRS Tax Return Transcript(s) must be provided for student and spouse.		
For a student is a victim of IRS tax related identity theft	Verification Worksheet, a Tax Return Database View (TRDBV) transcript obtained by the IRS and a statement that they were a victim of IRS tax-related identity theft and that the IRS has been made aware of the tax-related identity theft.		
h. Other Untaxed Income	Verification Worksheet and W2's for all sources of employment		
Income Information for Non-Tax Filers			
a. Income Earned from work b. Other Untaxed Income	Verification Worksheet and 2019 W2's for all sources of employment. For residents of the Freely Associated states (the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Republic of Palau, or the Federated States of Micronesia), a copy of the wage and tax statement from each employer and a signed statement identifying all income and taxes for the year.  "Verification of Non-filing Letter" (VNF) from the IRS (filers of foreign returns must submit a comparable document) dated on or after October 1, 2020 attesting that a 2019 IRS income tax return was not filed. The letter may be requested online or by paper free of charge. (To request by paper complete IRS Form 4506-T and check box 7.)		
Number of Household Members	Verification Worksheet		
Number in College  High School Completion Status	Verification Worksheet and a copy of registration demonstrating half-time enrollment status for other members in household  High School Diploma or transcript; GED certificate or transcript; homeschooled credential or transcript; or, academic transcript showing two-year program completion Copy of the "secondary school leaving certificate" (or other similar documentation) for students who completed secondary education in a foreign country and are unable to obtain a copy of their high school diploma or transcript		
Identity/Statement of Education Purpose	Original government-issued photo ID such as a passport or a driver's license and an Identity and Statement of Education Purpose		

Typically, students are asked to submit required documentation to the Financial Aid Office within two weeks of being notified. Students should refer to their verification notification email for the requisite deadlines.

There are consequences resulting from failure to complete verification within the specified timelines. We are required to inform students of these consequences, however, our goal is to help students avoid them. Federal verification regulations stipulate the following: estimated financial aid awards may be delayed or canceled if verification is not completed within specified deadlines; any financial aid awarded will remain conditional until all required documents have been reviewed; and, verification corrections that impact a student's eligibility may result in an adjustment or cancellation of an award. Students may contact the Financial Aid Office if an extension of time is needed. Once the Financial Aid Office has completed the verification review, students will be notified in writing to their school email.

Students are advised that the institution must and will refer to the Office of Inspector General (OIG) any credible information indicating that an applicant for Federal Student Aid may have engaged in fraud or other criminal misconduct in connection with FAFSA applications. Common misconduct includes false claims of citizenship, use of false identities, forgery of signatures of certifications, and false statements of income. Note that fraud is the intent to deceive as opposed to a mistake on an application.

## **Definitions**

<u>FAFSA</u>: The Free Application for Federal Student Aid is an online form that is completed annually to determine eligibility for federal student aid programs offered by the U.S. Department of Education (ED) and need-based institutional aid at the GTU. Completing the FAFSA is free. Federal student aid may be used to offset expenses such as tuition and fees, room and board, books and supplies, transportation, and other related educational expenses. Some external outside organizations, agencies or foundations may use the FAFSA information to determine eligibility for their aid.

<u>Central Processing System (CPS)</u>: The primary business function of CPS is student application processing and eligibility determination for federal student financial assistance for postsecondary education.

<u>Student Aid Report (SAR)</u>: One of two output documents created by CPS after processing a student's FAFSA. The SAR is made available electronically to the student.

<u>Expected Family Contribution (EFC or 'Student Contribution')</u>: The Financial Aid Office uses the need analysis formula established by the U.S. Department of Education to determine an applicant's ability to contribute to the Cost of Attendance. The EFC is the result of the information provided on the FAFSA. The federal methodology calculation of the FAFSA takes into account certain income and asset protection, and employment expense allowances based on household size and number in college. The EFC represents an evaluation of family size, income and assets.

<u>Institutional Student Information Record (ISIR)</u>: One of two output documents created by CPS after processing a student's FAFSA. The ISIR is made available electronically to institutions listed on the student's FAFSA.

<u>Federal Unsubsidized Student Financial Assistance Programs:</u> Title IV, HEA programs for which eligibility is not based on an applicant's need. For students attending the GTU, these programs include the Federal Direct Unsubsidized and Graduate PLUS Loan programs.

<u>IRS Data Retrieval Tool (IRS DRT)</u>: The IRS Data Retrieval Tool allows applicants who have already filed their federal income tax returns to prefill the answers to some questions on the FAFSA by transferring data from the IRS. This can save the applicant some time in completing the FAFSA, it ensures accuracy and it may also reduce the likelihood that your FAFSA will be selected for verification.

<u>Tax Return Transcript or Record of Account Transcript</u>: A summary of your tax return as filed from the IRS that shows most line items including AGI from an original tax return (Form 1040, 1040A or 1040EZ) as filed, along with any forms and schedules. This document is required by ED if you were selected for verification and did not or could not use the IRS DRT. Signed copies of your Federal 1040, 1040A or 1040EZ are not acceptable documents.

 $\underline{1040X}$ : An IRS form used by taxpayers who have to amend their tax returns for any reason. Students who have amended their tax return must submit a signed copy of the 1040X and the IRS Record of Account Transcript.

<u>Non-filer:</u> Applicants who are not required to file a federal tax return must submit a Verification of Non-Filing Letter (VNF) from the IRS.

To determine if you are required to file a federal income tax return, please review the chart below as indicated on page 10 of IRS 1040 Instructions for the 2019 tax year.

IF your filing	AND at the end of 2019 you	THEN file a return if your gross income
status is	were	was at least
Single	Under 65	\$12,200
	65 or older	\$13,850
Married filing jointly	Under 65 (both spouses)	\$24,400
	65 or older (one spouse)	\$25,700
	65 or older (both spouses)	\$27,000
Married filing	Any age	\$5
separately		
Head of Household	Under 65	\$18,350
	65 or older	\$20,000
Qualifying widow(er)	Under 65	\$24,400
	65 or older	\$25,700